# 重點七 微分量

1. 設 f(x) 在  $x=x_0$  可微分,

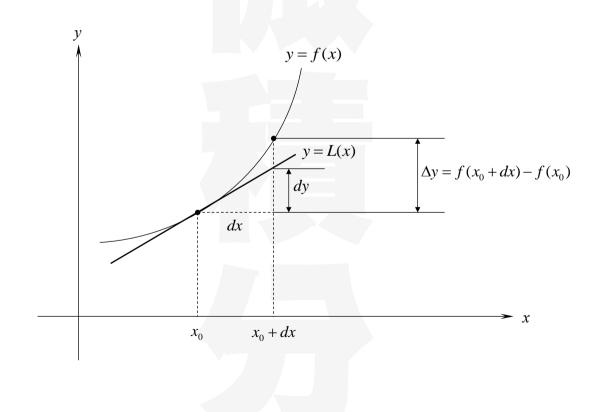
- 則 y = f(x) 在  $(x_0, f(x_0))$  的切線為
- 2.  $\Rightarrow L(x) = f(x_0) + f'(x_0)(x x_0)$ ,

則 L(x) 稱爲 f(x) 在  $x = x_0$  的線性化函數,

且此時在  $x = x_0$  附近  $L(x) \approx f(x)$ 

- 3. 令 f(x) 爲一可微分函數,

  - (2) dy =\_\_\_\_\_\_,表示 L(x) 在 y 方向隨 dx 而變的微小變化量
  - (3) dx 和 dy 都可稱爲 f(x) 的微分量
  - (4) dy 可用來**估計** f(x) 的微小變化量



#### 例題 1.

Find the linearization L(x) of the given function f(x) at  $x = x_0$ 

(1) 
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 9}$$
,  $x_0 = -4$  (2)  $f(x) = \tan x$ ,  $x_0 = \pi$ 

(2) 
$$f(x) = \tan x$$
,  $x_0 = \pi$ 



## **例題 2.** (精選範例 7-1)

Show that the linearization of  $f(x) = (1+x)^k$  at x = 0 is L(x) = 1+kx.





**例題 3.** (精選範例 7-2)

Estimate the following.

(1)  $(1.0002)^{100}$  (2)  $\sqrt[7]{1.0007}$ 





## **例題 4.** (精選範例 7-3)

Estimate the change in the volume  $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$  of a sphere when the radius changes from  $r_0$  to  $r_0 + dr$ .



#### **例題 5.** (精選範例 7-4)

The radius of a circle is increased from 2 to 2.02 m.

- (1) Estimate the resulting change in area.(2) Express he estimate as a percentage of the circle's original area.

